

B1

B1		Men	Women	Men	Women
B1	Undergraduates				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	1,653	1,706	43	34
B1	Other first-year, degree-seeking	529	387	143	151
B1	All other degree-seeking	4,351	4,073	1,141	971
B1	<i>Total degree-seeking</i>	6,533	6,166	1,327	1,156
B1	All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	54	53	392	409
B1	<i>Total undergraduates</i>	6,587	6,219	1,719	1,565
B1	Graduate				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time	407	485	66	135
B1	All other degree-seeking	1071	1129	448	694
B1	All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	4	1	30	66
B1	<i>Total graduate</i>	1482	1615	544	895
B1					16,090
B1					4,536
B1					20,626

B2

B2		Degree-Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree-seeking)
B2		113	837	856
B2		167	664	729
B2				

Fall 2008 Cohort

B4	
B5	3,767
B6	6
B7	3,761
B8	831
B9	683
B10	163
B11	1,677
	45%

Fall 2007 Cohort

B4	
B5	
B6	
B7	0
B8	
B9	
B10	0

B11	Six-year graduation rate for 2007 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	#DIV/0!
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For Two-Year Institutions

Please provide data for the 2011 cohort if available. If 2011 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2010 cohort.

2011 Cohort

B12	Initial 2011 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	
B13	Of the initial 2011 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
B14	Final 2011 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12):	0
B15	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	
B16	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	
B18	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B19	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
B20	Total transfers to two-year institutions:	
B21	Total transfers to four-year institutions:	

2010 Cohort

B12	Initial 2010 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	
B13	Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	
B14	Final 2010 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12):	0
B15	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	
B16	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B17	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	
B18	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	
B19	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	
B20	Total transfers to two-year institutions:	
B21	Total transfers to four-year institutions:	

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2013 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22	For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2013 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2014?	70.00%
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C8C Please indicate how your institution will use the SAT or ACT writing component; check all that apply:

	SAT essay	ACT essay
C8C For admission		
C8C For placement	x	
C8C For advising		
C8C In place of an application essay		
C8C As a validity check on the application essay		
C8C No college policy as of now		
C8C Not using essay component		

C8D In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for academic advising?

C8D		Yes	No
------------	--	-----	----

x

C8E	Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-	
C8E	Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission	

C8F If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, **C8F**

C8G Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):

C8G	SAT	x		
C8G	ACT	x		
C8G	SAT Subject Tests			
C8G	AP			
C8G	CLEP			
C8G	Institutional Exam	x		
C8G	State Exam (specify):			

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2014, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9 Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2014 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

C9	Percent submitting SAT scores	11%	Number submitting SAT scores	362
C9	Percent submitting ACT scores	93%	Number submitting ACT scores	3180

	25th Percentile	75th Percentile
C9		
C9	SAT Critical Reading	440
C9	SAT Math	460
C9	SAT Writing	420
C9	SAT Essay	
C9	ACT Composite	19
C9	ACT Math	18
C9	ACT English	18
C9	ACT Writing	18

C9 Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT Critical Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
C9			
C9	700-800		

C9	600-699			
C9	500-599			
C9	400-499			
C9	300-399			
C9	200-299			
	Totals should = 100%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C9		ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
C9	30-36	6.16%	9.31%	6.64%
C9	24-29	32.83%	27.12%	38.38%
C9	18-23	44.94%	40.78%	32.68%
C9	12-17	16.07%	21.37%	22.30%
C9	6-11	0.00%	1.42%	0.00%
C9	Below 6	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

C10 Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

C10	Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	17%
C10	Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	41%
C10	Percent in top half of high school graduating class	70%
C10	Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	30%
C10	Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	12%
C10	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshmen) students who submitted high school class rank:	75%

C11 Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

C11	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher	27.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	15.50%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	13.90%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	12.40%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	15.80%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	9.90%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	5.20%
C11	Percent who had GPA below 1.0	0.30%
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%

C12	Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:	3.26
C12	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA:	99.16%

Admission Policies

C13 Application Fee

C13		Yes	No
C13	Does your institution have an application fee?	x	
C13	Amount of application fee:	\$40.00	
C13		Yes	No
C13	Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	x	

C13 If you have an application fee and an on-line application option,

C13	Same fee:	x
C13	Free:	
C13	Reduced:	

C13		Yes	No
C13	Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with financial need?	x	

C14 Application closing date

C14		Yes	No
C14	Does your institution have an application closing date?		x
C14	Application closing date (fall):		
C14	Priority date:	3/1	

C15		Yes	No
C15	Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than	x	

C16 Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)

C16	On a rolling basis beginning (date):	1-Oct
C16	By (date):	
C16	Other:	

C17 Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)

C17	Must reply by (date):	
C17	No set date:	
C17	Must reply by May 1 or within _____ weeks if notified thereafter	x
C17	Other:	
C17	Deadline for housing deposit (MM/DD):	5/1
C17	Amount of housing deposit:	4/9
C17	Refundable if student does not enroll?	
C17	Yes, in full	
C17	Yes, in part	x
C17	No	

C18 Deferred admission

C18		Yes	No
C18	Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?	x	
C18	If yes, maximum period of postponement:		

C19 Early admission of high school students

C19		Yes	No
C19	Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation?		x

C20 Common Application Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)

Early Decision and Early Action Plans

C21 Early Decision

C21		Yes	No
C21	Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment?		x

C21 If "yes," please complete the following:

C21	First or only early decision plan closing date	
C21	First or only early decision plan notification date	
C21	Other early decision plan closing date	
C21	Other early decision plan notification date	
C21	For the Fall 2014 entering class:	
C21	Number of early decision applications received by your institution	
C21	Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan	
C21	Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:	

--

C22 Early action

	Yes	No
C22 Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?		x

C22 If "yes," please complete the following:

C22 Early action closing date	
C22 Early action notification date	

C22 Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?

	Yes	No
C22		

Fall Applicants

D1		Yes	No
D1		x	
D1		x	

D2

D2		Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants
D2	Men	1,155	1,083	588
D2	Women	997	946	505
D2	Total	2,152	2,029	1,093

D3

D3 Fall
D3



D10	Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students?	ester conditional admission
------------	---	-----------------------------

D11 Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:

Transfer Credit Policies

D12	Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:	
------------	---	--

D13		Number	Unit Type
D13	Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:		

D14		Number	Unit Type
D14	Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:		

D15	Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:	
------------	---	--

D16	Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:	30.00
------------	---	-------

D17 Describe other transfer credit policies:

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1 Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

E1	Accelerated program	x
E1	Cooperative education program	x
E1	Cross-registration	x
E1	Distance learning	x
E1	Double major	x
E1	Dual enrollment	x
E1	English as a Second Language (ESL)	x
E1	Exchange student program (domestic)	x
E1	External degree program	
E1	Honors Program	x
E1	Independent study	x
E1	Internships	x
E1	Liberal arts/career combination	x
E1	Student-designed major	x
E1	Study abroad	x
E1	Teacher certification program	x
E1	Weekend college	
E1	Other (specify):	

E2 This question has been removed from the Common Data Set.

E3 Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:

E3	Arts/fine arts	x
E3	Computer literacy	
E3	English (including composition)	x
E3	Foreign languages	
E3	History	
E3	Humanities	x
E3	Mathematics	x
E3	Philosophy	
E3	Sciences (biological or physical)	x
E3	Social science	x
E3	Other (describe):	

Library Collections: The CDS Publishers will collect library data again when a new Academic Libraries Survey is in place.

Common Data Set 2014-2015



F1

F1		First-time, first-year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
----	--	--	----------------

F1

	23%	17%
--	-----	-----

F1

F1

F1

	60%	20%
--	-----	-----

F1

	40%	80%
--	-----	-----

F1

	1%	16%
--	----	-----

F1

	18	21
--	----	----

F1

	18	22
--	----	----

F2

F2 Campus Ministries x

F2 Choral groups x

F2 Concert band x

F2 Dance x

F2 Drama/theater x

F2 International Student Organization x

F2 Jazz band x

F2 Literary magazine x

F2 Marching band x

F2 Model UN

F2 Music ensembles x

F2 Musical theater x

F2 Opera

F2 Pep band x

F2 Radio station x

F2 Student government x

F2 Student newspaper x

F2 Student-run film society x

F2 Symphony orchestra x

F2 Television station x

F2



G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

G0 Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator:

Provide 2015-2016 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

Check here if your institution's 2015-2016 academic year costs of attendance are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2015-2016 academic year costs of attendance will be available:

G1 Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2015-2016 academic year (30 semester or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are not included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do not include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	First-Year	Undergraduates
G1 PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS Tuition:		
G1 PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS Tuition: In-district		
G1 PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-state (out-of-district):		
G1 PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS Out-of-state:		
G1 NONRESIDENT ALIENS Tuition:		
G1 REQUIRED FEES:		
G1 ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)		
G1 ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)		
G1 BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)		
G1 Comprehensive tuition and room and board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition and room and board fees):		

G1 Other:

	Minimum	Maximum
G2 Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition		

	Yes	No
G3 Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?		

	Yes	No
G4 Do tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program?		

G4	%	
G4 If yes, what percentage of full-time undergraduates pay more than the tuition and fees reported in G1?		

G5 Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

G5		Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
G5	Books and supplies			
G5	Room only			
G5	Board only			
G5	Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):			
G5	Transportation			
G5	Other expenses			

G6 Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only)

G6	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-state (out-of-district):	
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS Out-of-state:	
G6	NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	

H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2013-2014 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2013-2014 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

H1		2014-2015 estimated	2013-2014 final
H1	Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:	1415	

H3 Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?

H3	Federal methodology (FM)	X
H3	Institutional methodology (IM)	
H3	Both FM and IM	

H1		Need-based \$ (Include non-need-based aid used to meet need.)	Non-need-based \$ (Exclude non-need-based aid used to meet need.)
H1	Scholarships/Grants		
H1	Federal	\$ 25,710,784	\$ 612,624
H1	State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	\$ 4,762,237	\$ 634,907
H1	Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	\$ 35,533,718	\$ 19,720,749
H1	Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$ 1,928,540	\$ 5,146,519
H1	Total Scholarships/Grants	\$67,935,280	\$26,114,799
H1	Self-Help		
H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$ 61,341,647	\$7,804,471
H1	Federal Work-Study	\$711,209	
H1	State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	\$0	\$0
H1	Total Self-Help	\$62,052,856	\$7,804,471
H1	Other		
H1	Parent Loans	\$ 14,187,998	\$ 2,362,625
H1	Tuition Waivers Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	\$ 2,729,373	\$ 2,090,152
H1	Athletic Awards	\$ 2,835,775	\$ 3,318,314

H2 **Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid:** List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergraduate (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergraduate
H2	a) Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2014 cohort)	3359	12699	2483
H2	b) Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	3099	10515	1597

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H2	c) Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	2453	8575	1386
H2	d) Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	2445	8438	1260
H2	e) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	2403	7732	969
H2	f) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	1841	6633	1035
H2	g) Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	617	1535	86
H2	h) Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	415	1256	57
H2	i) On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	62.5%	57.4%	38.1%
H2	j) The average financial aid package of those in line d . Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$ 11,753	\$ 11,172	\$ 8,484
H2	k) Average need-based scholarship and grant award of those in line e	\$ 9,290	\$ 8,683	\$ 6,635
H2	l) Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f	\$ 3,901	\$ 4,424	\$ 4,276
H2	m) Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$ 3,701	\$ 4,287	\$ 4,256

H2A Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2A		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
H2A	n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	837	2899	329
H2A	o) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$ 6,392	\$ 6,234	\$ 5,149
H2A	p) Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	35	171	4
H2A	q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	\$ 16,182	\$ 19,166	\$ 10,230

H3 Incorporated into H1 above.

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5, and H5a.

Include: * 2014 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014 who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

* only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.

* co-signed loans.

Exclude: * those who transferred in.
 * money borrowed at other institutions.

H4	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	70%
H4a	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans.	69%
H5	Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed of those in line H4.	\$27,928
H5a	Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed, of those in H4a, through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. These are listed in line H4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and exclude parent loans.	\$24,835

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

H6	Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:	
H6	Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	
H6	Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	X
H6	Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not available	
H6	If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:	351
H6	Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:	\$11,243
H6	Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:	\$3,946,231

H7	Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:	
H7	Institution's own financial aid form	
H7	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE	
H7	International Student's Financial Aid Application	
H7	International Student's Certification of Finances	
H7	Other (specify): Admissions Application	X

Process for First-Year/Freshman Students

H8	Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:	
H8	FAFSA	X
H8	Institution's own financial aid form	
H8	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE	
H8	State aid form	
H8	Noncustodial PROFILE	
H8	Business/Farm Supplement	
H8	Other (specify): Admissions Application	X
H9	Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:	
H9	Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:	3/1
H9	Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:	

H9	No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):	X
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H10 Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):

H10	a) Students notified on or about (date):		
H10		Yes	No
H10	b) Students notified on a rolling basis:	X	
H10	If yes, starting date:		4/1

H11 Indicate reply dates:

H11	Students must reply by (date):	
H11	or within 8 weeks of notification.	X

Types of Aid Available

Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:

H12 Loans

H12 FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN)

H12	Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans	X
H12	Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans	X
H12	Direct PLUS Loans	X

H12	Federal Perkins Loans	X
H12	Federal Nursing Loans	X
H12	State Loans	
H12	College/university loans from institutional funds	X
H12	Other (specify): Private Alternative Loan	X

H13 Scholarships and Grants

H13 NEED-BASED:

H13	Federal Pell	X
H13	SEOG	X
H13	State scholarships/grants	X
H13	Private scholarships	X
H13	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds	X
H13	United Negro College Fund	
H13	Federal Nursing Scholarship	X
H13	Other (specify):	

H14 Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

H14		Non-Need Based	Need-Based
H14	Academics	X	X
H14	Alumni affiliation	X	X
H14	Art	X	X
H14	Athletics	X	X
H14	Job skills		
H14	ROTC	X	
H14	Leadership	X	X
H14	Minority status	X	X
H14	Music/drama	X	X
H14	Religious affiliation		
H14	State/district residency		

H15

If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2014. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for

11 IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

	Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
11 a) Total number of instructional faculty	811	277	1088
11 b) Total number who are members of minority groups	162	36	198
11 c) Total number who are women	361	136	497
11 d) Total number who are men	450	141	591
11 e) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	17	5	22
11 f) Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree	624	70	694
11 g) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	156	99	255
11 h) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	14	46	60
11 i) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)	17	62	79
11 j) Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	98	12	110

12 Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2014 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

12	Fall 2014 Student to Faculty ratio	20 to 1	(based on 16001.33 students
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J1 Degrees conferred between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014
J1

J1	Category	Diploma/Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2010 Categories to Include
J1	Agriculture				1
J1	Natural resources and conservation			0.8%	3
J1	Architecture				4
J1	Area, ethnic, and gender studies	4.2%		0.2%	5
J1	Communication/journalism			3.1%	9
J1	Communication technologies				10
J1	Computer and information sciences		32.8%	2.8%	11
J1	Personal and culinary services				12
J1	Education			7.9%	13
J1	Engineering			12.4%	14
J1	Engineering technologies		14.8%	3.6%	15
J1	Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics			0.8%	16
J1	Family and consumer sciences				19
J1	Law/legal studies	45.8%		0.6%	22
J1	English			1.1%	23
J1	Liberal arts/general studies			0.7%	24
J1	Library science				25
J1	Biological/life sciences			3.0%	26
J1	Mathematics and statistics			0.8%	27
J1	Military science and military technologies				28 & 29
J1	Interdisciplinary studies			5.3%	30
J1	Parks and recreation			4.3%	31
J1	Philosophy and religious studies			0.4%	38
J1					



Common Data Set Definitions
All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.
* Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.
Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term .
Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.
* Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.
American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.
Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).
Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is <i>not</i> creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.
Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.
Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.
Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but <i>not</i> more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.
Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.
Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.
Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.
Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.
Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.
* Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.
Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.
Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.
Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.
College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.
Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.
* Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross registration.
Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.
Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.
* Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.
Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.
Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.
* On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.
Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.
Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.
Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.
Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.
* Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.
Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.
Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.
Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—
<i>Less Than 1 Academic Year:</i> Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.
<i>At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years:</i> Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.
<i>At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years:</i> Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.
Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.
Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.
Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.
Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution .
Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.
Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

* **Religious counseling:** One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

* **Remedial services:** Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

* **Women's center:** Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study a 7ynstitutthson: Federarcelekagd by your iTj-13.9349 09 0 TD(: Federal and s rk study a 7ynsti 6licants.)

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES TO THE CDS FOR 2014-2015

There are no structural or definitional changes to **CDS for 2014-2015:**
other than the incremental advancement by one for year-dependent items.